7-202 Premises

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7-202 Premises.

The following provisions apply with respect to licenses issued pursuant to Title 61. The purpose of these provisions is the determination of the extent of the physical place where a business or entity that has been approved to hold a license undertakes the privileges and responsibilities associated with that license. Eligibility to hold such licenses is outside the scope of these provisions, except with respect to licenses for satellite facilities as provided in Section 7-202.2.D.

7-202.1. General Requirements – All Licenses.

A. Unless otherwise limited by statute or regulation, as used in Title 61, "premises" means all of the buildings and grounds that are both (1) subject to the direct control of the license holder and (2) used by the license holder to conduct its business.

B. For purposes of establishing the premises:

- (1) The license holder's direct control of buildings and grounds may be shown by any of the following: (a) a deed or lease conveying to the license holder an appropriate interest that includes the premises; (b) a writing from a local governmental jurisdiction giving the license holder the right to use and the duty to maintain an area owned or controlled by the local governmental jurisdiction; (c) an enforceable written contract granting the license holder a right to use the premises.
- (2) A presumption arises that the buildings and grounds described with particularity in the license application, as required by Regulation 7-200.1(B), are used by the license holder to conduct its business.
- (3) The premises in its entirety, or any area within the premises, may be subject to conditions or restrictions or both imposed pursuant to Code Section 61-2-80.
- (4) The premises for which a license is held may include more than one tract of land or building, unless otherwise limited by statute or regulation. For more than one tract of land to be included in the licensed premises, the tracts must be contiguous. For more than one building to be included in the licensed premises, all buildings must be situated on the same tract of land or contiguous tracts of land.

- (5) The premises for which a license is held must be a separate designated location of a business in accordance with Code Section 61-2-140(C). Two or more licenses of the same type must not be issued for the same premises, except as provided in Section 7-202.2.D.
- (6) As provided in Code Section 61-2-140(C), a separate license is required for each separate location of a business. The Department will determine whether separate licenses are required using factors including but not limited to (a) whether the business operates at more than one street address; (b) the number of retail sales tax licenses required; (c) whether the public would perceive the business to be operating at one location or at more than one location; and (d) whether there is one location or more than one location of the same business under one roof, based on factors including, but not limited to, entrances, utilities, employees, HVAC systems, public perception, lease contracts, and partitioning as the result of walls, common areas and areas set aside for the conduct of other enterprises, whether unlicensed or separately licensed.

7-202.2. Specific Facilities – Alcoholic Liquor by the Drink.

A. In addition to the provisions of Regulations 7-202 and 7-202.1 (unless otherwise limited or restricted) the premises for licenses for alcoholic liquor by the drink for on-premises consumption for the following specific facilities include the criteria below.

- B. Golf courses: All of the buildings and grounds of a golf course that are under the direct control of a license holder located at a golf course are presumed to be used by the license holder to conduct its business, including but not limited to the land on which the course is laid out for the playing of the game, the golf cart rentals area, the food and beverage service areas, and the pro shop or other retail space.
- C. Fishing piers: A fishing pier, including the entire length and width of the pier, under the exclusive and direct control of a license holder is presumed to be used by the license holder to conduct its business.
- D.(1) Resort Complexes: For purposes of determining the premises of a resort complex, a presumption arises that all buildings and grounds within the resort complex tract are used in the resort complex license holder's business.
 - (2) A "resort complex" must be an enterprise that meets all of the following criteria:
- (a) Either as a single business or a group of businesses under identical ownership, the enterprise must operate facilities that include, at a minimum, the following: (i) "furnishing lodging" as defined in Code Section 61-6-20(4) and (ii) being "bona fide engaged primarily and substantially in the preparation and serving of meals" as defined in Code Sections 61-6-20(2) and 61-6-1610 and (iii) providing a substantial recreational facility.

- (b) One of the facilities described in item (a) above must operate under a license to serve alcoholic liquor by the drink issued under Code Section 61-6-1610. The license holder for such facility shall be designated as the "resort complex license holder." The first held license will be known as the "primary resort complex license."
- (c) The recreational facility described in item (a) above must operate solely within the resort complex tract. "Resort complex tract" means either a single tract of land or contiguous tracts of land (without regard to whether the contiguous space is interrupted by any intervening dedicated road or public right-of-way) which must be under the direct control of the enterprise.
- (3) The resort complex license holder may obtain licenses for satellite facilities in the resort complex tract if the following conditions are met:
- (a) The resort complex license holder and the satellite facility must be under identical ownership and control.
- (b) The application for a satellite facility license must contain the name of the resort complex license holder, the date the primary resort complex license was issued, and any other information required by the Department.
- (c) All satellite facilities must meet the distance requirements set forth in Code Section 61-6-120.
- (d) The resort complex license holder and all satellite facilities, when viewed together, must maintain the character of a business that is engaged primarily and substantially in the preparation and serving of meals or furnishing lodging in accordance with Code Sections 61-6-20(2) and 61-6-1610 or with Code Section 61-6-20(4).
- (e) In acquiring a license for any satellite facility, the resort complex license holder must agree to the following conditions: (i) any suspension or revocation of any resort complex license will result in suspension or revocation of all resort complex licenses; and (ii) termination of the primary resort complex license will result in termination of all satellite facility licenses. "Resort complex license" means any license issued for a facility located on the resort complex tract, whether the primary resort complex license or a satellite facility license.

7-202.3 Restrictions on the Premises of nonprofit Organizations Licensed to Sell Alcoholic Liquor by the Drink.

A. The premises of a nonprofit organization must be separate from the premises of any business operation, including business establishments licensed to sell alcoholic liquor by the drink.

B. The premises of a nonprofit organization will be deemed separate if the organization has its own address and separate entrance, and is not connected with another business premises by common doorways or passageways, whether interior or exterior.

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