









Development of Figures for Column 6

The "Original Cost" figures on page 2, Column 4 on the return must be multiplied by the appropriate multiplier shown in the schedule below. Normal depreciation rates of railroad cars are considered to be at a rate of 7.5% annually on a straight line basis with 10% residual.

Depreciation Schedule and Multiplier for Converting Costs of Freight Train Cars to Depreciated Value

Year Acquired	Accrued Depreciation	Multiplier (Depreciated Value)
2019	.075	.925
2018	.15	.85
2017	.225	.775
2016	.30	.70
2015	.375	.625
2014	.45	.55
2013	.525	.475
2012	.60	.40
2011	.675	.325
2010	.75	.25
2009	.825	.175
2008 - Prior	.900	.100

Multiply Column 4 by Column 5 and enter in Column 6. The total of Column 6 will be the present valuation of the cars. For example: a car purchased in 2016 for \$15,000 (Column 4) is multiplied by .70 (Column 5 - the multiplier for 2016 as shown above). The result is \$10,500, which is the present valuation. Enter \$10,500 in Column 6.

Execution and Verification

I declare that this return, including any accompanying schedules and statements, has been examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is true and complete.

Taxpayer's signature Title Date

Accountant's signature Title Date

Contact person's signature Tax preparer Contact number

You will be required to amend or complete incorrect or incomplete returns.